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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/752,959	01/02/2001		Uwe Hansmann	DE9-1999-0077	9951		
47049	7590	02/02/2006		EXAMINER			
FERENCE 409 BROAL			KYLE, CHARLES R				
PITTSBURGH, PA 15143				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
,				3624			

DATE MAILED: 02/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		App	olication No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			752,959		HANSMANN ET AL.				
			miner		Art Unit				
		Cha	arles Kyle		3624				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appears	on the cover she	et with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Management of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this composition of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum is reto reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE (s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). munication. tatutory period will apply will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMM In no event, however, r ly and will expire SIX (6 the application to beco	UNICATION nay a reply be tim) MONTHS from to the ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this c) (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on <i>15 Decem</i>	nber 2005.						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
٠,؎	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	ion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1.3-8.10-14.16 and 18-23	is/are pending ir	n the application.						
·-	Claim(s) 1,3-8,10-14,16 and 18-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-8,10-14,16 and 18-23</u> is/are rejected.								
7)									
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.							
,			d or b)⊡ objecte	d to by the E	xaminer.				
,—	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachmen	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	DT0 040)		view Summary er No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🔲 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o r No(s)/Mail Date		5) 🔲 Notic		atent Application (PT	O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-5, 8 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6,029,150 Kravitz in view of US 6,023,689 Herlin et al.

As to Claim 1, Kravitz discloses the invention substantially as claimed, including in a method of payment in a purchasing action (Col. 12, lines 49-51) performed by means of an electronic communication device (Col. 11, lines 57-60) between a customer using said electronic communication device (Col. 12, lines 45-49) and a provider offering goods or services (Col. 12, lines 51-54), steps of:

building up a connection between said customer and said provider via a communication channel of said communication device (Col. 12, lines 45-51) and authorization of a customer to give a money transfer order (Col. 7, lines 19-45. See also Col. 29, line 19 to Col. 32, line 54 for details of authorization);

upon receipt of a purchase order from said customer (Col. 12, lines 49-51), issuance of an electronic bill by said provider and transmission of said electronic bill to said customer Col. 12, lines 51-54);

upon acknowledgement of said electronic bill by said customer transmission of a money transfer order from said customer to a payment provider (Col. 12, lines 56-59; Col. 12, lines 15-22);

execution of said money transfer order by said payment provider by debiting an account of said customer (Col. 12, line 60 to Col. 13, line 12);

sending a receipt of payment to said customer and forwarding said receipt of payment to said provider offering goods or services (Col. 13, lines 13-26).

Kravitz does not specifically disclose the newly recited limitation of identity authorization of a customer by using a SIM. Herlin discloses the use a SIM for authentication at Col. 2, lines 10-40. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kravitz to perform authentication using the SIM of Herlin because this would facilitate secure payment, as set forth by Herlin at Col. 10, line 40 to Col. 12, line 30.

With respect to Claim 3, *Kravitz* discloses authentication by a communication provider via a service channel at Col. 12, line 55 to Col. 13 line 11 and Col. 29, lines 10-17.

With respect to Claim 4, Kravitz discloses authentication before transmission of a money transfer order at Col. 25, line 30 to Col. 27, line 23.

With respect to Claim 5, Kravitz discloses authentication after transmission of a money transfer order at Col. 29, line 18 to Col. 32, line 53.

With respect to Claim 8, Kravitz discloses the use of an Internet connection at Col. 11, lines 50-60.

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Concerning Claims 18-19, *Kravitz* further discloses use of a digital signature at Col. 8, lines 41-56 and confirmation of the digital signature at Col. 8, lines 35-40.

Claims 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6,029,150 Kravitz in view of US 6,023,689 Herlin et al and further in view of US 2002/0111164 Ritter.

As to Claim 16, see the discussion of Claim 1. Kravitz further discloses that a payment provider maintains accounts for customers at Abstract, at least. Kravitz does not specifically disclose that the payment provider is a telecommunications company. Ritter discloses this limitation at 46. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kravitz to use the capabilities of a telecommunications company to maintain accounts disclosed by Ritter because such companies transfer account data and were technologically "savvy" enough to establish account maintenance systems and procedures.

Claims 6-7, 10-13 and 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6,029,150 Kravitz in view of US 6,023,689 Herlin et al and further in view of US 6,574,314 Martino.

With respect to Claim 6, see the discussion of Claim 1. Martino discloses use of a service (data) channel for transmission of transaction data fro a data transaction server at Col. 23, lines 35-59. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the service channel of Martino to transmit the transaction data of Kravitz because this would transmit transactions data without using valuable voice channel bandwidth.

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With respect to Claim 7, see the discussion of Claim 1. *Martino* discloses use of a voice channel at Col. 7, lines 30-43. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify *Kravitz* to use a voice channel so as to perform simple verbal placement of payment instructions and follow on information.

With respect to Claim 10, Kravitz discloses the invention substantially as claimed. See the discussion of Claim 1. Kravitz does not disclose limitations relating to use of voice and service channels for transmission of the payment related documents. Martino discloses the use of two channels (Col. 7, lines 19-43) in a cellular system (Col. 3, lines 52-59) for transmission of payment related documents (Col. 23, lines 35-59). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kravitz to use the two channel cellular implementation of Martino because this would provide a familiar payment device having the capability of simultaneously presenting data (on screen 20, Fig. 5A) and allowing voice communication (via handset 54, Fig. 5A), thus relieving a user from having to switch between channels for different types of information. See Martino at Col. 7, lines 30-43.

With respect to Claim 11, Kravitz does not specifically disclose authentication via a service channel. Martino discloses this limitation at Col. 20, line 56 to Col. 21, line 4 and Col. 7, lines 27-34. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kravitz to include the data channel authentication of Martino because this would provide transactions security without using valuable voice channel bandwidth

With respect to Claim 12, see the discussion of Claim 10 and *Kravitz* further discloses computer program product at Col. 13, line 65 to Col. Col. 17, line 67.

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With respect to Claim 13, Kravitz discloses computer program product databases at Col. 13, line 65 to col. 17, line 67. Official Notice is taken that computer readable media are stored on computer readable media. Examples include cache, memory, fixed disks, and removable media. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use such media to store the computer program product databases to store important data.

As to Claims 21-22, see the discussion of Claims 12 and 18-19.

Claim 14, 20 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6,029,150 Kravitz in view of US 6,023,689 Herlin et al and US 6,574,314 Martino and further in view of US 2002/0100798 Farrugia et al.

Concerning Claims 14, 20 and 23, Kravitz discloses the invention substantially as claimed. See the discussion of Claims 13, 1 and 12. Kravitz does not specifically disclose that the communication device is a personal computer using a SIM. Farrugia discloses this limitation at Abstract, Summary of the Invention and paras. 15-30.. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kravitz to use such a personal computer because this would provide the security of SIM authorization to a broader array of devices for payment processing.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered and are addressed in the rejections above or are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles Kyle whose telephone number is (571) 272-6746. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 to 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent Millin can be reached on (571) 272-6747. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

crk January 30, 2006 Primary Examiner Charles Kyle Art Unit 3624

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